

Historical Evidence

Trace the breadcrumbs of ancient scholars, explorers and scientists who noticed that Earth's shape could be measured long before rockets, satellites or internet arguments existed.

Ancient Observations

Ancient Greek thinkers recognized clues that Earth is spherical: ships disappear hull-first over the horizon, different stars are visible at different latitudes and Earth casts a round shadow on the Moon during lunar eclipses. These observations did not require modern technology. They required patience and geometry.

Eratosthenes and the Shadow Test

Around the third century BCE, Eratosthenes compared the Sun's angle at two Egyptian cities and estimated Earth's circumference. The exact numbers depended on the distance measurement available to him, but the reasoning was brilliant: different shadow angles at the same time reveal curvature across distance.

Navigation and Circumnavigation

Mariners gradually refined navigation around a spherical Earth. Circumnavigation demonstrated that travel could continue in one direction and return to the starting point. Later, spherical trigonometry, chronometers and accurate maps made long-distance navigation increasingly precise.

Science Before Spaceflight

The globe was not invented by NASA. It was established through centuries of observation, mathematics, travel, surveying and astronomy. Spaceflight gave us spectacular photographs, but it confirmed a conclusion humanity had already measured from the ground.

Sun Angle & Shadow Comparison

This tool illustrates the Eratosthenes-style shadow argument: two locations can measure different Sun angles at the same time, and the angle difference can be used to estimate Earth's size.

<https://wiki.flatearthabsurdity.com/tools/sun-shadow-comparison/>

If the tool does not appear, open it directly at </tools/sun-shadow-comparison/>.

Pre-Spaceflight Evidence Trail

The globe does not depend on rockets. Long before modern space agencies, people had evidence from shadows, eclipses, navigation, changing star positions, and circumnavigation.

- **Eratosthenes:** compared Sun angles in different cities to estimate Earth's circumference.
- **Lunar eclipses:** showed Earth casting a consistently round shadow on the Moon.
- **Polaris altitude:** changed predictably with north-south travel.
- **Ships and horizons:** distant objects disappeared bottom-first over water.
- **Navigation:** sailors used spherical geometry because it worked over long distances.

This matters because it breaks the “modern image fakery” frame. The shape of Earth was a geometry and observation problem long before digital images existed.

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